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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/812,895	03/31/2004	Tomoko Takeshita	HIRA.0147	5008
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REED SMITH LLP Suite 1400			NOBLE, MARCIA STEPHENS	
3110 Fairview Park Drive Falls Church, VA 22042			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
<i></i>			1632	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

``	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/812,895	TAKESHITA ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Marcia S. Noble	1632				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	correspondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period was a Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tir viil apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 01 Ju	ine 2007.					
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closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims	· ·					
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>10,11,13 and 14</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>10, 11, 13, and 14</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	r election requirement.					
Application Papers	•					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.					
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	caminer. Note the attached Office	e Action or form PTO-152.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).						
a) All b) Some * c) None of:						
 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 						
 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage 						
application from the International Burea						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list		ed.				
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)					
 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) 	Paper No(s)/Mail [5) Notice of Informal					
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	6) Other:	••				

DETAILED ACTION

Status of Claims

1. Claims 10, 11, 13, and 14 are pending. Claims 10, 11, 13, and 14 are amended by the amendment, filed 6/1/2007. Claims 10, 11, 13, and 14 are under consideration.

Claim Objections

2. Claim 11 stands objected to because of the following informalities: Referring to "The" subject of a previous claim, rather than "A", is proper format for a dependent claim. Accordingly, "A plurality" in claim 11 should read "The plurality".

Appropriate correction is required.

Applicant did not address this objection and therefore it is maintained.

Claim 14 stands objected to because of the following informalities: Referring to "The" subject of a previous claim, rather than "A", is proper format for a dependent claim. Accordingly, "A method" in claim 14 should read "The method".

Appropriate correction is required.

Applicant did not address this rejection and therefore it is maintained.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112, 1st paragraph

The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

New Matter

The rejection of claims 10, 11, and 14 under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as containing new matter in its recitation of "wherein relative to a vertical axis" and "identical to an injection amount and injection area in all others of the oocytes", is withdrawn.

The amendment to the claims removes these recitations and therefore render the rejection moot.

However, amended claim 13 still recites "an interaction". There still is not literal support for this recitation and because of its great breadth is unclear as to what "an interaction" is referring.

Applicant traverses the argument on the grounds that "an interaction" is new matter that the specification provides support for this recitation on page 14, line 20 to page 21, line 10. The citation from the specification describes transfection of an oocyte with the histamine receptor 31 gene and expression of said gene by the oocyte. It further discloses that upon the addition of a sample comprising histamine, oocyte expressing the histamine receptor interacts with the histamines of the sample. Therefore, the recitation of "an interaction" is supported by the specification.

Applicant's arguments have been fully considered and are not found persuasive.

The specification does not specifically define "an interaction" to be the binding or activation of a receptor expressed by the transfected oocyte with its ligand. Therefore, the meaning of "an interaction" must be given it broadest reason interpretation. In the

instant case, "an interaction" can encompass a physical contact between two or more components with no resultant physiological effect. It could also encompass no physical contact but an indirect influence of one or more factors on other factors. As previously stated, the specification does not provide literal or figurative support for the great breadth of possibilities encompassed by "an interaction", of which a ligand-receptor interaction is only one possibility. Therefore, "an interaction" still encompasses new matter.

New Matter

Amended claims 10, 11, 13, and 14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as containing subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention. 37 CFR 1.118 (a) states that "No amendment shall introduce new matter into the disclosure of an application after the filing date of the application".

Amended claim 10 recites, "a Z-axis direction". Applicant states that page 9, lines 2-20, provide support for this recitation. This citation from the specification describes the direction of the Z-axis as a plane of movement for a needle on an apparatus used to inject oocytes. However, this citation does not provide implicit or explicit support for a Z-axis direction as a characteristic of a plurality of oocytes as claimed because the Z-axis is a characteristic of the apparatus not the oocytes. Therefore, the specification as originally filed provides no implicit or explicit support for

"a Z-axis direction" as a structural or functional characteristic of the plurality of oocytes as claimed. Furthermore, the claims do not require the use of the apparatus in the process of these product-by-process claims and therefore given its broadest reasonable interpretation, "a Z-axis direction" could designate any arbitrary plan designation to the oocyte, and therefore, would be unclear to an artisan as to which plane or planes "a Z-axis direction" is referring. Therefore, because the specification does not provide implicit or explicit support for neither the broadest interpretations of "a Z-axis direction" nor "a Z-axis direction" as a characteristic of an oocyte, this recitation introduces new matter.

Applicants are reminded that it is their burden to show where the specification supports any amendments to the claims. See 37 CFR 1.121 (b)(2)(iii), the MPEP 714.02, 3rd paragraph, last sentence and also the MPEP 2163.07, last sentence. MPEP 2163.06 notes "If new matter is added to the claims, the examiner should reject the claims under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph - written description requirement. *In re Rasmussen*, 650 F.2d 1212, 211 USPQ 323 (CCPA 1981)." MPEP 2163.02 teaches that "Whenever the issue arises, the fundamental factual inquiry is whether a claim defines an invention that is clearly conveyed to those skilled in the art at the time the application was filed...If a claim is amended to include subject matter, limitations, or terminology not present in the application as filed, involving a departure from, addition to, or deletion from the disclosure of the application as filed, the examiner should conclude that the claimed subject matter is not described in that application. MPEP 2163.06 further notes "When an amendment is filed in reply to an objection or rejection

based on 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, a study of the entire application is often necessary to determine whether or not "new matter" is involved. *Applicant should* therefore specifically point out the support for any amendments made to the disclosure.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112, 2nd paragraph, 2nd paragraph

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

5. Claims 13 and 14 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Amended claim 13 still stands rejected as being indefinite because the relationship between the claimed solution and sample is not clear, in part due to a lack of antecedent basis. Applicant has amended claim 13 to now recite, "the mRNA being selected as a sample to encode a protein for initiating an interaction with said solution". This recitation suggests that the mRNA is the sample and that the <u>protein</u> encoded by the sample, not the sample itself, interacts with the solution. However, later in the claim, it recites, "the solution is interacting the sample", which suggests that the solution is interacting with the mRNA and not the protein. Therefore, it is not clear which component is the sample and which component is interacting with the solution. Furthermore, the same recitation recites, "a sample" and the preamble also states "a sample". Therefore, it is unclear if the sample recited in the method steps is the same sample as the sample disclosed in the preamble.

Claim 14 depends from claim 13.

Claim 13 still recites, "measuring an electrical response...thereby discriminating".

The metes and bounds of this recitation are indefinite because it is unclear how is being discriminated. Claim 14 depends from claim 13.

Applicant did not address this rejection. Therefore, the rejection is maintained.

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Amended claims 11 and 14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

The term "substantially" in claim 11 and 14 is a relative term, which renders the claim indefinite. The term "substantially" is not defined by the claim, the specification does not provide a standard for ascertaining the requisite degree, and one of ordinary skill in the art would not be reasonably apprised of the scope of the invention. The specification has failed to provide a definition of what is meant by "substantially" with respect to substantially identical to an injection area. It is unclear how identical, substantially identical to an injection area may be. Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

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(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

6. Claims 10 and 11 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Brown et al (5,688,938).

Applicant traverses this rejection on the grounds that Brown et al does not teach all of the limitations of the claims, in particular the process by which the product was made.

Applicant's arguments have been fully considered and are not found persuasive.

As previously stated in the Final Office Action, mailed 8/28/2006, claims 10-12 are drawn to a product that requires an oocyte with mRNA injected into its cytoplasm. As long as the product has the same components it can be produced by any means. Brown discloses oocytes with an mRNA injected into its cytoplasm, thereby meeting the limitations of the claims (see p. 9, par 1 of Final Office Action). Therefore, because Brown et al still teach the limitations of the claims, the rejection of claims 10 and 11 is maintained.

Therefore, because the instant amendment to the claims and Applicant's arguments do not overcome the rejection of record, the rejection is maintained.

Double Patenting

The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. A nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting rejection is appropriate where the conflicting claims

are not identical, but at least one examined application claim is not patentably distinct from the reference claim(s) because the examined application claim is either anticipated by, or would have been obvious over, the reference claim(s). See, e.g., In re Berg, 140 F.3d 1428, 46 USPQ2d 1226 (Fed. Cir. 1998); In re Goodman, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); In re Longi, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); In re Van Ornum, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); In re Vogel, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and In re Thorington, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) or 1.321(d) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent either is shown to be commonly owned with this application, or claims an invention made as a result of activities undertaken within the scope of a joint research agreement.

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

6. The rejection of claims 10 and 11, on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 14-16, 18, 21, 24 and 26-27 of U.S. Patent No. 6,593,129, is withdrawn.

Applicant filed a terminal disclaimer on 6/1/2007, which was approved on 6/14/2007. Therefore, overcoming the rejection of record, and therefore, the rejection is withdrawn.

7. Claims 10 and 11 stand provisionally rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 12-16 of copending Application No. 10/876,551.

Applicant asserts that they intend to abandon 10/876,551 thereby obviating this rejection. However, presently 10/876,551 is still pending. Therefore, the rejection of record is maintained.

8. No claims are allowed.

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Marcia S. Noble whose telephone number is (571) 272-5545. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 9 to 5:30.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Peter Paras can be reached on (571) 272-4517. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Marcia S. Noble AU 1632

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